



Module 3

Unit 1 Robots will do everything.

目标导引

1. 能听、说、读、写单词及词组: robot, will, everything, one day, housework, learn, our, homework, won't (will not)。
2. 能听懂、会说句子: One day, robots will do everything. They will do the housework. 并能在实际情境中灵活运用; 能用“will”谈论将来可能发生的事情。
3. 培养自理自立的能力。

新课导入

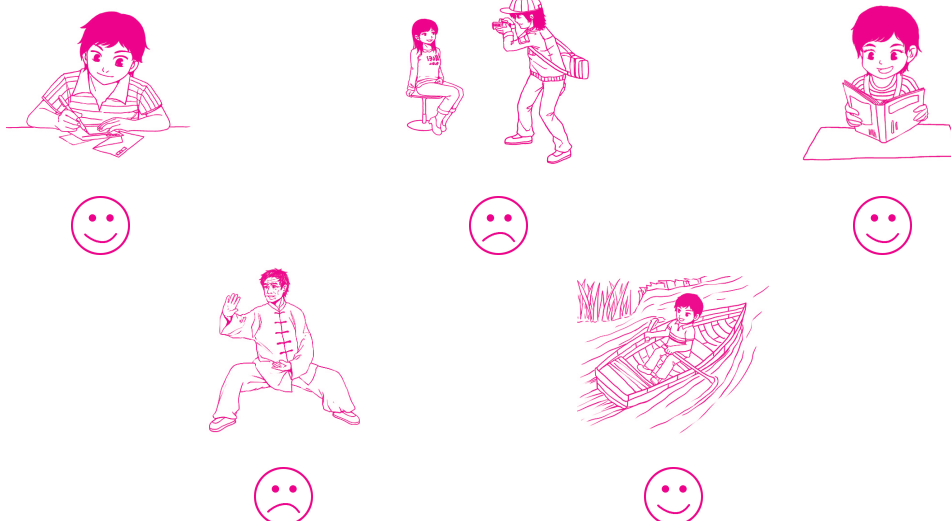
一、看图，说说机器人将会做哪些事情。

A: What will they do?

B: Robots will ...



二、看图，完成句子。





1. I can _____ a letter.
2. I can't _____ pictures.
3. I _____ read a _____.
4. I can't _____ *taijiquan*.
5. _____

哈哈，我发现规律了，“can”是用来描述能力的，“can”后面加动词原形，千万不要忘记哦！你还能做出下面这些题吗？试试看吧！



6. It _____ walk.



7. It _____ talk.



“walk”和“talk”这两个单词真像啊，你一定要分别记忆哦！这样才不会混淆。那你知道还有哪些单词也很像吗？试着写出来吧！

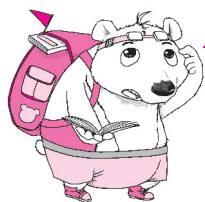


精要交流

一、选词填空。

can will

1. —What _____ you do, Robot?
—I can walk.
2. One day, robots _____ do everything.



我有个问题，“can”与“will”这两个词该怎么区分呢？

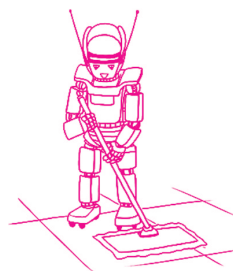
这个问题提得相当不错哦！“can”描述能力，而“will”表示“将要……”。做题时要根据关键信息来答，但是它们有共同点，那就是后面都加动词原形。你区分开了吗？



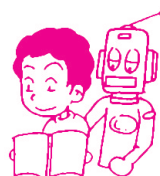


二、看图，完成下列句子。

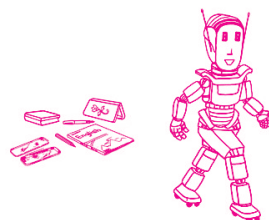
1. They will _____ the housework.



2. And _____.



3. They _____ do our homework.



你知道will的否定形式吗？

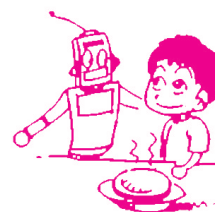
will的否定形式有全称和缩写，即：will not = won't。
我发现我好聪明啊！



拓展延伸

看图，仿照例句描述图片。

例：Robots will make cakes.



1. _____

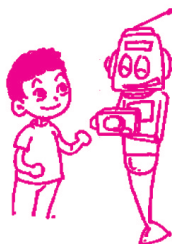




2. _____

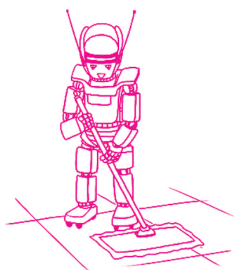


3. _____

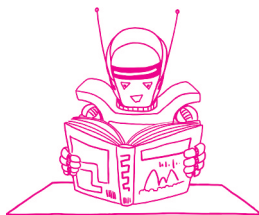


达标检测

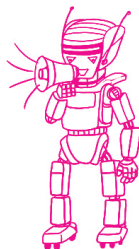
一、听音，给图标号。



()



()



()



()

二、选择最恰当的译文。

() 1. 机器人会做蛋糕。

A. Robots can make cakes.

B. Robots can help children learn.

C. Robots can do everything.

D. Robots can do the housework.

() 2. 机器人会走路。

A. Robots can talk.

B. Robots can walk.

C. Robots can't walk.

D. Robots can't talk.

() 3. 你在干什么?

A. What is he doing?

B. What are you doing?

C. What is she doing?

D. What are they doing?



() 4. 他在看电视。

A. He is watching TV.

B. Is he watching TV?

C. He can watch TV.

D. Can he watch TV?

三、如果你有一个机器人，写一写它在未来能帮你做的五件事情。

The robot will _____.

The robot will _____.

The robot will _____.

The robot will _____.

The robot will _____.

纠错锦囊

聪明的孩子，把本节课上失误的地方总结一下，赶快收入纠错锦囊吧，以后就记忆深刻了！



Module 3

Unit 2 On Monday I'll go swimming.

目标导引

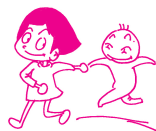
1. 能听、说、读、写单词：Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, have, next, week, holiday。
2. 能听懂、会说句子：What will you do? / On Monday I'll ... 并能在实际情境中灵活运用。
3. 能制订并谈论一周的计划。

新课导入

一、看图说说 Amy 下周要做的事。



Monday



Tuesday



Wednesday



Thursday



Friday



哈哈，我发现了，这些单词都是关于_____的单词。我真棒！你还能再写出几个这样的词吗？试试吧！



你发现了吗？这些单词和前面学过的“London”有相同点啊！

我发现了！它们确实有相同点哦，就是每个单词的首字母要大写！你也一定要记住哦！



二、根据实际情况回答下面的问题。

1. What day is it today?

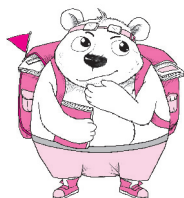


2. What day is it tomorrow?

精要交流

一、将下列字母重新排序，使之成为一个单词，并写出它的汉语意思。

1. y, a, M, d, o, n _____
2. F, d, r, a, i, y _____
3. u, n, S, d, a, y _____
4. S, t, d, u, r, a, y, a _____
5. e, s, T, u, d, a, y _____
6. u, r, T, h, s, d, a, y _____



这些关于星期的词还有缩写形式哦，就是前三个字母后面加点号：Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat. Sun.你发现了吗？

二、根据课文内容填空。

1. On Monday I'll _____ swimming.
2. On Tuesday I'll _____ with my friends.
3. On Wednesday I'll _____ to the park.



我发现了，这三道题是让填动词，它们又有什么联系呢？

你真棒！这些题确实是让填动词，而“be going to”和“will”的相同点是后面都加动词原形。你一定要记住哦！再试着做做下面的题吧！



4. On Thursday I'll _____ my homework.
5. On Friday I'll _____ my grandma.
6. On Saturday _____ help my mother.

拓展延伸

阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

Next week is a holiday. Sam will play football on Monday. Amy will play the flute

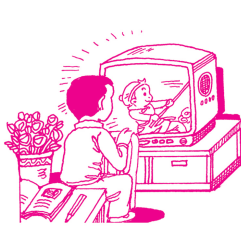


(长笛) on Wednesday. Daming will fly kites on Friday. Lingling will visit her grandma on Friday and Saturday. On Sunday Sam, Amy, Lingling and Daming will have a picnic (野餐). They will take some food and some toys.

- () 1. Sam will play football on _____.
A. Tuesday B. Monday C. Saturday
- () 2. _____ will play the flute on Wednesday.
A. Sam B. Amy C. Lingling
- () 3. They will _____ on Sunday.
A. go to the park B. go swimming C. have a picnic
- () 4. What will they take on Sunday?
A. Some food and some toys.
B. Some food and some fruit.
C. Some fruit and some toys.

达标检测

一、听音，把图片和相应的单词连起来。



Sunday

Monday

Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday



二、根据首字母提示及句子意思补全单词。





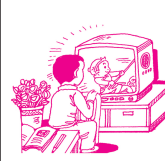

1. Today is S_____. Tomorrow is Sunday.



2. Lili is a clever p_____.

3. On Sunday I'll go s_____.

三、根据 Daming 下周的计划表，回答问题。

Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
					

1. He will go fishing on Tuesday. Yes or No?

2. What will he do on Wednesday?

3. What will he do on Friday?

4. What day will he fly a kite?

纠错锦囊

聪明的孩子，把本节课上失误的地方总结一下，赶快收入纠错锦囊吧，以后就记忆深刻了！



Module 4

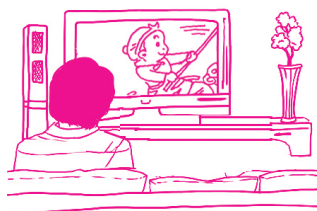
Unit 1 Will you take your kite?

目标导引

1. 能听、说、读、写单词: take, fly, picnic, great, why, because, so。
2. 能听懂、会说句子: On Saturday we're going to have a picnic! Will you take your ... tomorrow? Yes, I will. /No, I won't. 并能在实际情境中灵活运用这些句子。
3. 能简单询问和表达将来发生的事情。

新课导入

一、看图,用“I'm going to.”句型来描述图片。



二、根据图片内容回答问题。

1. What are you going to do tomorrow?





2. Will you take your kite tomorrow?



我有个疑问，两个句子中都有“tomorrow”，说明都是表示一般将来时的，那“be going to”和“will”一样吗？

善于观察是很好的习惯哦！“be going to”和“will”，相同点为都是表示一般将来时，不同点为前一个着重强调“计划”做某事，后一个着重强调将来时态。你现在区分开了吗？



精要交流

一、仿照例句完成下列各句。

例：—Will you take your doll?

—Yes, I will. /No, I won't.

1. —Will you take a ball?



2. —Will you have a picnic tomorrow?



3. —Will you go swimming tomorrow?



4. —Will she take some rice tomorrow?



我有个问题，一般将来时的一般疑问句“Will you ...?”是用“Yes, I will. /No, I won't.”回答，那“Will she ...?”应该怎样回答呢？是不是还是“Yes, I will./No, I won't.”呢？

你提的问题非常好！答句的人称要随着问句人称的变化而变化。“Will she ...?”是用“Yes, she will. /No, she won't.”回答。你能试着做做下面这道题吗？





5. —Will he go to school tomorrow?



— _____

二、写出你明天安排的三件事。

Tomorrow, I'll _____

拓展延伸

阅读短文，判断正误，正确的在括号内写“T”，错误的写“F”。

May Day will come. Lingling will visit Beijing. It is the capital of China. And I will visit Shanghai. It is very big and beautiful. Daming will visit Sanya. It is a famous city in China. And Sam will visit Chengdu. Because he loves pandas.

- () 1. Beijing is the capital of China.
 () 2. I will visit Shanghai.
 () 3. Lingling will visit Sanya.
 () 4. Daming will visit Chengdu. Because he loves pandas.
 () 5. Lingling loves pandas too.

达标检测

一、Sam 和 Amy 要去郊游。听音，在他们要带的东西下面画“√”，不带的东西下面画“×”。



()



()



()



()



()

二、选择填空。

() 1. —Will you take your kite?

—Yes, I _____.

A. am

B. do

C. will



() 2. I like football very much, _____ I will play football tomorrow.

A. and B. so C. but

() 3. We're going to have a picnic _____ Saturday.

A. on B. at C. in

() 4. —Will you take your ball tomorrow?

—_____

A. Yes, I am. B. No, I don't. C. No, I won't.

三、找出下列图片的相应短语，并准确地抄写下来。

fly a kite play basketball go swimming

I will



They will



They will



纠错锦囊

聪明的孩子，把本节课上失误的地方总结一下，赶快收入纠错锦囊吧，以后就记忆深刻了！



Module 4

Unit 2 Will it be hot in Haikou?

目标导引

1. 能听、说、读、写单词: cloudy, weather。
2. 能听懂、会说句子: Will it be hot in Haikou? Yes, it will. 并能在实际情境中灵活运用。
3. 能简单交流各城市未来的天气情况。

新课导入

一、看图，用英文说说这些图标表达的含义。



二、假如你是一名天气播报员，请用英文描述各城市的天气变化。

1. It will be _____ in Sanya.



2. It will be _____ in Hangzhou.

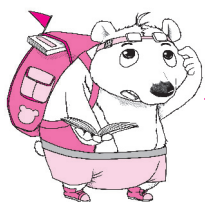


3. It will be _____ in Tianjin.



4. It will be _____ in Guangzhou.





我又有个疑问，上个模块中我记住了“will”后面加动词原形，可是这些题中的“be”是什么词呢？它又是谁的原形呢？

你的记忆力真的非常好啊！上个模块的知识这个模块中也会遇到。“be”就是“am”“is”和“are”的原形哦，所以“will”后面跟着“be”。你能试着做做下面的题吗？



is be are

5. It _____ windy today, but it will _____ sunny tomorrow.

6. They _____ short now, but they will _____ tall one day.

精要交流

一、选出不同类的一项。

- | | | |
|------------------|-----------|-------------|
| () 1. A. hot | B. long | C. cold |
| () 2. A. will | B. Friday | C. can |
| () 3. A. windy | B. big | C. small |
| () 4. A. talk | B. walk | C. robot |
| () 5. A. snow | B. cake | C. rain |
| () 6. A. London | B. Sanya | C. Yinchuan |

二、选词填空。

wind windy

1. It will be _____ tomorrow.



方框中的两个词真像啊，就是有一个在词尾多了一个字母y。我有点糊涂了，该怎么区分它们呢？

你观察得非常仔细哦！“wind”是名词，是“风”的意思，而“windy”是形容词，是“刮风的”的意思，指的是一段时期内的天气特征。这样你就可以区分它们了吧？下面还有其他和它们类似的词，边练习边学习吧！



snow _____ rain _____ cloud _____



on in at to with

2. I'll read books _____ Friday.
3. It will be cold _____ Shenyang.
4. I'm going _____ get up _____ 6:30 tomorrow morning.
5. I will play _____ my friends next weekend.

拓展延伸

阅读短文，回答问题。

Good evening! Welcome to the weather forecast. It will be rainy in Beijing. It will be windy in Shanghai. In Fuzhou it will be very hot. In Chengdu it will be sunny. In Nanchang it will be cloudy.

1. What will the weather be in Beijing?

2. Will it be hot in Fuzhou?

3. Will it be cloudy in Nanchang?

4. Will it rain in Shanghai?

5. What will the weather be in Chengdu?

达标检测

一、听天气预报，在表格中画天气图标。

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Kunming							
Taiyuan							
Shanghai							
Harbin							



二、根据答句选择正确的问句。

- () 1. It will be hot in Chongqing.
A. Will it be hot in Chongqing?
B. What will the weather be in Chongqing?
- () 2. I'm listening to music.
A. What is she doing?
B. What are you doing?
- () 3. No, it won't.
A. Will it be sunny tomorrow?
B. Will you take your kite tomorrow?

三、写出你喜欢和不喜欢的天气，并说出你在这些天气中能干或不能干的事情。

I like _____.

I can _____.

I don't like _____.

I can't _____.

纠错锦囊

聪明的孩子，把本节课上失误的地方总结一下，赶快收入纠错锦囊吧，以后就记忆深刻了！
